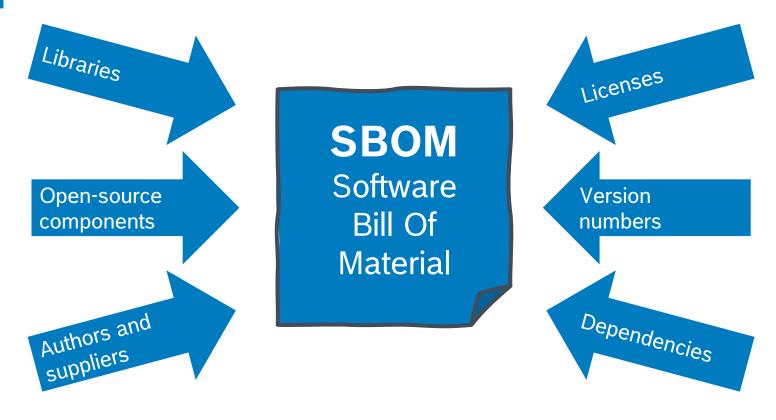
Licensing of ROS Packages: Changes to package.xml and new tool support

Christian Henkel, Ralph Lange (Bosch Research) ROSCon 2023



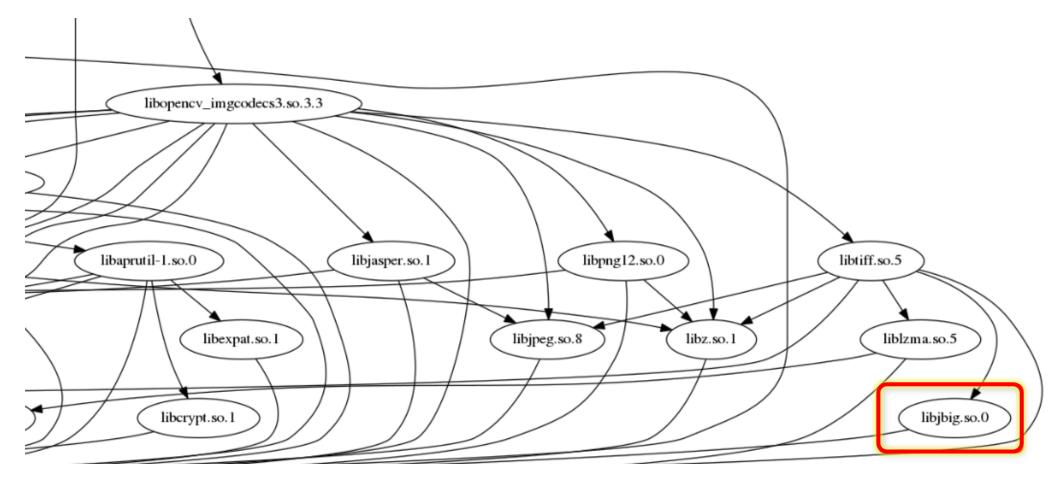
Motivation



Clear documentation of dependencies and licenses is essential for security and legal reasons

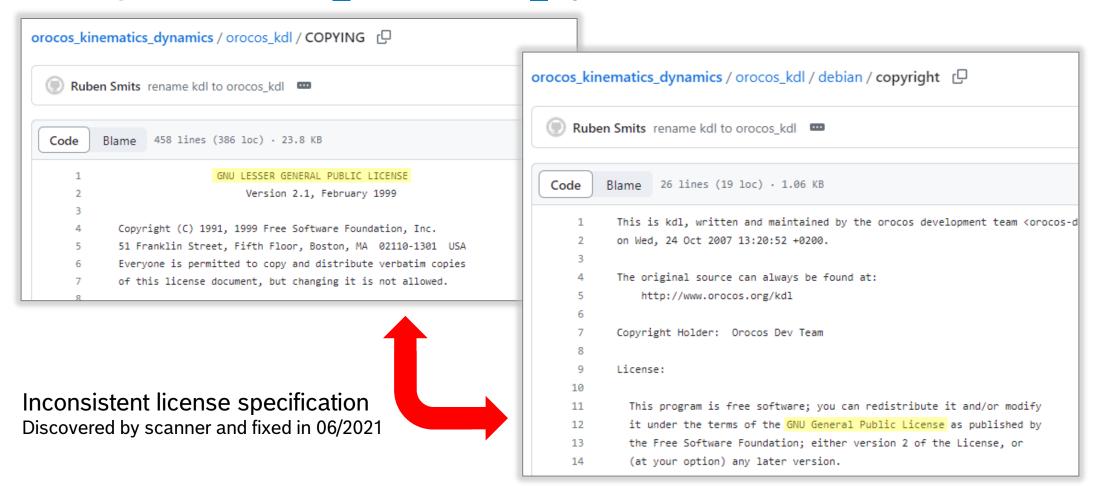


Example 1: OpenCV3 Packages in ROS 1





Example 2: orocos_kinematics_dynamics (used with tf2)





Copyright files in Debian Packages

Format: Bloom subset of https://www.debian.org/doc/packaging-manuals/copyright-format/1.0/ Upstream-Name: rclcpp

Files: See file headers in repository for details

Copyright: See package copyright in source code for details

License: Apache License 2.0

See repository for full license text

/usr/share/doc/ros-iron-rclcpp/copyright

```
Format: https://www.debian.org/doc/packaging-manuals/copyright-format/1.0/
Source: ftp://ftp.example.com/pub/games
Upstream-Name: X Solitaire

Files:

*
Copyright: 1998 John Doe <jdoe@example.com>
    1998 Jane Smith <jsmith@example.net>
License: GPL-2+
This program is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by the Free Software Foundation; either version 2 of the License, or (at your option) any later version. [...]
```

debian.org/doc/packaging-manuals/copyright-format/1.0/

Current copyright files do not meet the Machine-readable debian/copyright file format



REP-149 on license tag in package.xml

cense> (multiple, but at least one)

Name of license for this package, e.g. BSD, GPL, LGPL. In order to assist machine readability, only include the license name in this tag. For multiple licenses multiple separate tags must be used. A package will have multiple licenses if different source files have different licenses. Every license occurring in the source files should have a corresponding license> tag. For any explanatory text about licensing caveats, please use the <description> tag.

Most common open-source licenses are described on the OSI website.

Commonly used license strings:

- Apache-2.0
- BSD
- Boost Software License
- GPLv2
- GPLv3
- LGPLv2.1
- LGPLv3
- MIT

Lack of machine readability - packages with license mixes are not properly supported



License Documentation in ROS Agenda

- Additions to package.xml format (Ralph)
- ROS package license linting (Christian)
- Copyright file generation (Christian)



Additions to package.xml format



License Documentation in ROS What has been added?

package.xml

Two new attributes according to <u>ros-infrastructure/rep</u> PR347 (accepted by ROS 2 TSC)

Machine-readable debian/copyright file format

Files:

*
Copyright: 2022-2023 John Doe
License: Apache-2.0

Files:
3rd-party_math/*
Copyright: 2020 Jane Smith
License: BSD-3-Clause

Minimal additions – not reinventing the wheel



License Documentation in ROS The source-files attribute

- Optional
- One default case allowed
- For mixed licenses in one package
- Glob format according to Machine-readable debian/copyright file format

```
<p
```

Given a source file, last matching tag applies



License Documentation in ROS The **type** attribute

- Optional
- Possible values
 - spdx
 - freeform (default)
- spdx is <u>highly encouraged</u>

```
<!icense file="LICENSE" type="spdx">
        Apache-2.0
</license>
cense source-files="lib/*" type="freeform">
        BSD
</license>
```

Full name	Identifier
BSD Zero Clause License	0BSD
Attribution Assurance License	AAL
<u>Abstyles License</u>	Abstyles
AdaCore Doc License	AdaCore-doc
Adobe Systems Incorporated Source Code License Agreement	Adobe-2006
Adobe Glyph List License	Adobe-Glyph
Adobe Utopia Font License	Adobe-Utopi
Amazon Digital Services License	ADSL
Academic Free License v1.1	AFL-1.1
Academic Free License v1.2	AFL-1.2
Academic Free License v2.0	AFL-2.0
Academic Free License v2.1	AFL-2.1
Academic Erec License v2 0	VEI 3 0

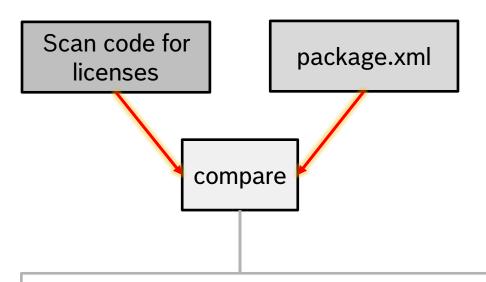
https://spdx.org/licenses/



ROS package license linting



License Documentation in ROS ros license toolkit



Checks

- Is any license defined in package.xml?
- Has at most one license tag without a source-files declaration?
- Do all license tags follow the SPDX standard? (warning)
- Are license texts available and correctly referenced for all declared licenses?
- Does the code contain licenses not declared in the license tags?



License Documentation in ROS ros_license_toolkit - Sample Output

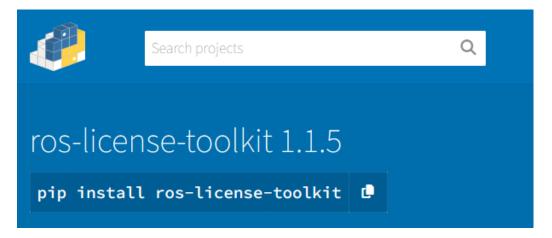
```
LicenseTagExistsCheck
SUCCESS Found licenses ['Apache-2.0']
LicenseTagIsInSpdxListCheck
SUCCESS All license tags are in SPDX list of licenses.
LicenseTextExistsCheck
SUCCESS All license tags have a valid license text file.
LicensesInCodeCheck
SUCCESS All licenses found in the code are covered by a license declaration.
[btlib] Overall:
SUCCESS
Execution time: 9.74 seconds
All packages:
```



License Documentation in ROS ros_license_toolkit - Details



- Available open source
- Contributions are welcome
- Thanks to Felix Mauch (fmauch) for contributing a github action
 - boschresearch/ros_license_toolkit PR 23
- Now on **pypi**:





Copyright file generation



License Documentation in ROS Generation of Copyright Files

Currently experimental feature at

https://github.com/boschresearch/ros_license_toolkit/ tree/add/copyright generation demo

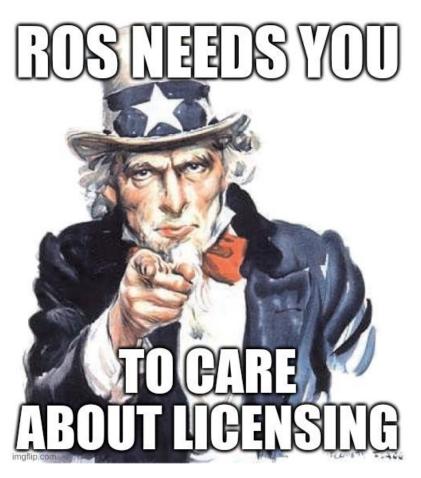
Uses information from

- package.xml
- copyright declarations in source files
- license texts
- ... to generate a copyright file according to the Machine-readable debian/copyright file format

```
Format: https://www.debian.org/doc/packaging-manuals/copyright-format/1.0/
Source: tbd
Upstream-Name: rclcpp
Files:
Copyright: 2014 Open Source Robotics Foundation, Inc.
           2014-2020 Open Source Robotics Foundation, Inc.
           2015 Open Source Robotics Foundation, Inc.
           2015-2020 Open Source Robotics Foundation, Inc.
           2016 Open Source Robotics Foundation, Inc.
           2016-2017 Open Source Robotics Foundation, Inc.
           2017 Open Source Robotics Foundation, Inc.
           2018 Open Source Robotics Foundation, Inc.
           2018, Bosch Software Innovations GmbH.
           2019 Intel Corporation
           2019 Nobleo Technology
           2019 Open Source Robotics Foundation, Inc.
           2019-2020 Open Source Robotics Foundation, Inc.
           2020 Amazon.com, Inc. or its affiliates
           2020 Ericsson AB
           2020 Open Source Robotics Foundation, Inc.
           2020, Apex.AI Inc.
           2021 Open Source Robotics Foundation, Inc.
           2021, Apex.AI Inc.
           2022 Open Source Robotics Foundation, Inc.
           2023 Open Source Robotics Foundation, Inc.
           2023 Sony Group Corporation
           2023 iRobot Corporation
License: Apache-2.0
                                  Apache License
                            Version 2.0, January 2004
                         http://www.apache.org/licenses/
   TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR USE, REPRODUCTION, AND DISTRIBUTION
   1. Definitions.
       "License" shall mean the terms and conditions for use, reproduction,
```



License Documentation in ROS Help Wanted



- I am looking for co-maintainers!
- Contributions are very welcome
 - Integration in ament
 - and in bloom

 Please test your package with the license linter and report the results if you are not agreeing with them





Minimal additions to package.xml format

- **source-files** and **type** attributes
- Use SPDX license identifiers
- github.com/ros-infrastructure/rep → PR347

ros_license_toolkit

- Binary: pypi.org/project/ros-license-toolkit/
- Source: github.com/boschresearch/ros_license_toolkit

Generation of copyright files

- ... according to Machine-readable debian/copyright file format
- Integration in Bloom in progress help welcome!
- github.com/ros-infrastructure/bloom/pull/709

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Ralph Lange

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